

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 21-Mar-2011

Revision Date 18-Dec-2025

Revision Number 7

This safety data sheet was created pursuant to the requirements of: US OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 2024 (29 CFR 1910.1200)

1. Identification

Product Name	Acetic anhydride
Cat No. :	A10-1; A10-100; A10-4; A10-500; A10-500LC; A10-RS50; A10-SS200; NC1314121
CAS No	108-24-7
Synonyms	Acetyl oxide, Acetic acid anhydride, Acetic oxide, Ethanoic anhydride
Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against	Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific Company
One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410
Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300
CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous according to [US] OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200, 2024)

Flammable liquids	Category 3
Acute oral toxicity	Category 4
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 2
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 1
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Flammable liquid and vapor

Harmful if swallowed
Fatal if inhaled
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

**Precautionary Statements****Prevention**

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
Wear respiratory protection
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
Keep container tightly closed
Ground and bond container and receiving equipment
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment
Keep cool
Take action to prevent static discharges
Use non-sparking tools

Response

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

Skin

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower
Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

Ingestion

Rinse mouth
Do NOT induce vomiting

Fire

In case of fire: Use CO₂, dry chemical, or foam to extinguish

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
Store locked up

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears)
Corrosive to the respiratory tract

Hazards classified under paragraph (d)(1)(ii) of 1910.1200**Hazards resulting from a reaction with other chemicals under normal conditions of use**

Reacts with water and forms Acetic acid.

3. Composition/information on Ingredients

Component	CAS No	Weight %
Acetic anhydride	108-24-7	>99

4. First-aid measures

Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Most important symptoms and effects	Causes burns by all exposure routes. Difficulty in breathing. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting
Notes to Physician	Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media	CO ₂ , dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	DO NOT USE WATER
Flash Point	49 °C / 120.2 °F
Method -	CC (closed cup)
Autoignition Temperature	316 °C / 600.8 °F
Explosion Limits	
Upper	10.3 vol %
Lower	2.9 vol %
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge	No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Corrosive material. Water reactive. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Health
3Flammability
2Instability
1Physical hazards
W

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions	Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and inhalation of vapors.
Environmental Precautions	Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.
Methods for Containment and Clean Up	Remove all sources of ignition. Do not expose spill to water. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling	Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not allow contact with water.
Storage.	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep away from water or moist air. Flammables area. Incompatible Materials. Strong acids. Water. Strong reducing agents. Alcohols. Bases. Oxidizing agent.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
Acetic anhydride	TWA: 1 ppm STEL: 3 ppm	(Vacated) Ceiling: 5 ppm (Vacated) Ceiling: 20 mg/m ³ TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 20 mg/m ³	IDLH: 200 ppm Ceiling: 5 ppm Ceiling: 20 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 ppm STEL: 3 ppm

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

Engineering Measures	Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
-----------------------------	--

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection	Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.
Skin and body protection	Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.
Respiratory Protection	Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.
Recommended Filter type:	Organic gases and vapours filter. Type A. Brown. conforming to EN14387.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical State

Color

Odor

Odor Threshold

Property

Melting Point/Range

Softening Point

Boiling Point/Range

Flash Point

Flammability (liquid)

Flammability (solid,gas)

Explosion Limits

Autoignition Temperature

Decomposition Temperature

pH

Viscosity

Water Solubility

Solubility in other solvents

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component

Acetic anhydride

Vapor Pressure

Density / Specific Gravity

Bulk Density

Vapor Density

Particle characteristics

Liquid

Colorless

pungent

No information available

Values

-73.1 °C / -99.6 °F

No data available

140 °C / 284 °F

49 °C / 120.2 °F

Flammable

Not applicable

Lower 2 Vol%**Upper** 12 Vol%

316 °C / 600.8 °F

No data available

3

0.91 mPa.s at 20 °C

hydrolyses

No information available

log Pow

-0.27

5 mbar @ 20 °C

1.080

Not applicable

3.5

Not applicable (liquid)

Remarks• Method

@ 760 mmHg

Method - CC (closed cup)

On basis of test data

Liquid

Liquid
(Air = 1.0)Other Information

Molecular Formula

Molecular Weight

Explosive Properties

Evaporation Rate

C4 H6 O3

102.09

explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

0.46 - (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard

Yes

Stability

Moisture sensitive.

Conditions to Avoid

Incompatible products. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
Exposure to moist air or water.

Incompatible Materials

Strong acids, Water, Strong reducing agents, Alcohols, Bases, Oxidizing agent

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Hazardous Polymerization

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Information on expected route of exposure

Inhalation	May be fatal if inhaled. Exposure through inhalation may result in delayed pulmonary edema, which may be fatal. Causes burns.
Ingestion	Causes burns. Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
Eyes	Risk of serious damage to eyes.
Skin	Causes burns. May be harmful in contact with skin.

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Acetic anhydride	LD50 = 630 mg/kg (Rat) Equiv. OECD 410	LD50 = 4000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC100: 1.67 mg/L/6h (Rat) Equiv. OECD 412 LC50: 400 ppm/6h (Rat)

Toxicologically Synergistic Products No information available

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 B
Based on available literature and data from closely analogous substances using structure/activity relationships

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1
Based on available literature and data from closely analogous substances using structure/activity relationships

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;
Respiratory Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Skin Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Not mutagenic in AMES Test

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

Component	CAS No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Acetic anhydride	108-24-7	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(h) STOT-single exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Study/Evidence (Classification basis) OECD Test No. 412
Test species / Sex / Route of exposure Rat / Inhalation (4h)
Effective dose LOAEL = 300 - 2000 ppm
Results / Target organs Eyes.

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Test method	OECD Test No. 413
Test species / Duration	Rat / 90 days
Study result	NOAEL = 0.2 - 1 ppm
Route of exposure	Inhalation
Target Organs	None known.

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

Endocrine Disrupting Properties This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Reacts with water so no ecotoxicity data for the substance is available. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

Persistence and Degradability Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility .

Component	log Pow
Acetic anhydride	-0.27

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No	UN1715
Proper Shipping Name	ACETIC ANHYDRIDE
Hazard Class	8
Subsidiary Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II

TDG

UN-No	UN1715
Proper Shipping Name	ACETIC ANHYDRIDE
Hazard Class	8
Subsidiary Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II

IATA

UN-No	UN1715
Proper Shipping Name	ACETIC ANHYDRIDE
Hazard Class	8
Subsidiary Hazard Class	3
Packing Group	II

IMDG/IMO

UN-No	UN1715
-------	--------

Proper Shipping Name ACETIC ANHYDRIDE
Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

15. Regulatory Information

United States of America Inventory

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	TSCA - EPA Regulatory Flags
Acetic anhydride	108-24-7	X	ACTIVE	-

Legend:

TSCA US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

X - Listed

'-' - Not Listed

TSCA - Per 40 CFR 751, Regulation of Certain Chemical Substances & Mixtures, Under TSCA Section 6(h) (PBT) Not applicable

TSCA 12(b) - Notices of Export Not applicable

International Inventories

Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Philippines (PICCS), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Australia (AICS), China (IECSC), Korea (KECL).

Component	CAS No	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	PICCS	ENCS	ISHL	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Acetic anhydride	108-24-7	X	-	203-564-8	X	X	X	X	X	KE-00017

KECL - NIER number or KE number (<http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do>)

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Should this product meet EPCRA 311/312 Tier reporting criteria at 40 CFR 370, refer to Section 2 of this SDS for appropriate classifications.

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Acetic anhydride	X	5000 lb	-	-

Clean Air Act Not applicable

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration Not applicable

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355).

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA Extremely Hazardous Substances	SARA Reportable Quantity (RQ)
-----------	--------------------------	---------------------------------------	-------------------------------

		RQs	
Acetic anhydride	5000 lb	-	5000 lb 2270 kg

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
Acetic anhydride	X	X	X	-	X

U.S. Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ): Y
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations**Mexico - Grade**

No information available

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Acetic anhydride	108-24-7	-	Use restricted. See entry 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

REACH links<https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach>**Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Component	CAS No	OECD HPV	Persistent Organic Pollutant	Ozone Depletion Potential	Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)
Acetic anhydride	108-24-7	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)?

Not applicable

Other International Regulations

Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements	Rotterdam Convention (PIC)	Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)
Acetic anhydride	108-24-7	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

16. Other Information

Prepared By	Product stewardship (Regulatory Affairs) Thermo Fisher Scientific email - begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com
Creation Date	21-Mar-2011
Revision Date	18-Dec-2025
Print Date	18-Dec-2025
Revision Summary	Updated to the U.S. Department of Labor's Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) which published its Final Rule in the Federal Register revising the Hazard Communication Standard (HCS/HazCom), 29 CFR 1910.1200 (2024) (HCS §1910.1200, 2024), May 20, 2024, effective July 19, 2024.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS